

POSITIONS THAT WERE CAREER RESERVED DURING CALENDAR YEAR 1992—Continued

Agency, organization	Career reserved positions
	Dir, Medical Care Cost Recovery Office. Dir, Emergency Medical Preparedness Office.

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 1771]

Statutory Debarment Under the International Traffic in Arms Regulations

AGENCY: Department of State.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given of which persons have been statutorily debarred pursuant to § 127.6(c) of the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) (22 CFR parts 120-130).

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 28, 1992.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Clyde G. Bryant Jr., Chief, Compliance Analysis Division, Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (703-875-6650).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 38(g)(4)(A) of the Arms Export Control Act (AECA), 22 U.S.C. 2778, prohibits the issuance of export licenses to a person, or any party to the export, who has been convicted of violating certain U.S. criminal statutes, including the AECA. The term "person," as defined in § 120.16 of the ITAR, means a natural person as well as a corporation, business association, partnership, society, trust, or any other entity, organization or group, including governmental entities. The ITAR, specifically § 126.7(e), defines the term "party to the export" to include the president, the chief executive officer, and other senior officers and officials of the license applicant; the freight forwarders or designated exporting agent of the license applicant; and any consignee or end-user of any item to be exported. The statute permits certain limited exceptions to this prohibition to be made on a case-by-case basis. 22 U.S.C. 2778(g)(4).

The ITAR, § 127.6, authorizes the Assistant Secretary of State for Political-Military Affairs to prohibit certain persons convicted of violating, or conspiring to violate, the AECA from participating directly or indirectly in the export of defense articles or in the furnishing of defense services. Such a

prohibition is referred to as a "statutory debarment," which may be imposed on the basis of judicial proceedings that resulted in a conviction for violating, or of conspiring to violate, the AECA. See 22 CFR 127.6(c). The period for debarment will normally be three years from the date of conviction. At the end of the debarment period, licensing privileges may be reinstated at the request of the debarred person following the necessary interagency consultations, after a thorough review of the circumstances surrounding the conviction, and a finding that appropriate steps have been taken to mitigate any law enforcement concerns, as required by the AECA, section 38(g)(4).

Statutory debarment is based solely upon a conviction in a criminal proceeding, conducted by United States court. Thus, the administrative debarment procedures, outlined in the ITAR, 22 CFR part 128, are not applicable in such cases.

The Department of State will not consider applications for licenses or requests for approvals that involve any person or any party to the export who has been convicted of violating, or of conspiring to violate, the AECA during the period of statutory debarment. Persons who have been statutorily debarred may appeal to the Under Secretary for International Security Affairs for reconsideration of the ineligibility determination. A request for reconsideration must be submitted in writing within 30 days after a person has been informed of the adverse decision. 22 CFR 127.6(d).

The Department of State policy permits debarred persons to apply for an exception to the Director of the Office of Defense Trade Controls one year after the date of the debarment, in accordance with the AECA, section 38(g)(4)(A), and the ITAR, § 127.6. Any decision to grant an exception can be made only after the statutory requirements under section 38(g)(4) of the AECA have been satisfied. If the exception is granted, the debarment will be suspended.

Pursuant to the AECA, section 38(g)(4)(A), and the ITAR, 22 CFR 127.6, the Assistant Secretary for Political-Military Affairs has statutorily debarred nine persons who have been convicted of violating, or of conspiring to violate, the AECA.

These persons have been debarred for a three-year period following the date of their conviction, and have been so notified by a letter from the Office of Defense Trade Controls. Pursuant to ITAR, § 127.6(c), the names of these persons, their offense, date of conviction(s) and court of conviction(s) are hereby being published in the Federal Register. Anyone who requires additional information to determine whether a person has been debarred should contact the Office of Defense Trade Controls.

This notice involves a foreign affairs function of the United States and is thus excluded from the procedures of 5 U.S.C. Section 553 and Section 554 and Executive Order 12291 (44 FR 13193). It implements statutory and regulatory requirements that entered into force on December 22, 1987, and April 4, 1988, respectively.

In accordance with these authorities the following persons are debarred for a period of three years following their conviction for violating, or conspiring to violate, the AECA (name/ offense/ date/ court):

1. Symone Morris Behrmann, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778) and 22 U.S.C. 2778, May 10, 1990, District of Columbia
2. Maryanne E. Callaghan, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778) and 22 U.S.C. 2778, July 20, 1990, District of Columbia
3. Herbert J. Hoffmann, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778), December 11, 1990, District of Maryland
4. John Jarema, 22 U.S.C. 2778, August 30, 1990, Eastern District of Michigan
5. Joseph McColgan, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778) June 7, 1991, Southern District of Florida
6. Seamus Moley, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778), June 7, 1991, Southern District of Florida
7. Frank J. Randazzo, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778), May 10, 1990, District of Columbia
8. David R. Rosen, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778) and 22 U.S.C. 2778, June 26, 1990, Eastern District of Pennsylvania
9. Rudy Yujen Tsai, 18 U.S.C. 371 (conspiracy to violate 22 U.S.C. 2778)

and 22 U.S.C. 2778, March 4, 1991,
Eastern District of Pennsylvania

Dated: February 22, 1993.

William B. Robinson,

Director, Office of Defense Trade Controls,
Bureau of Politico Military Affairs,
Department of State.

[FR Doc. 93-4900 Filed 3-3-93; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-25-M

[Public Notice 1769]

**Shipping Coordinating Committee,
Subcommittee on Safety of Life at Sea
and Associated Bodies, Working
Group on Stability and Load Lines and
on Fishing Vessels Safety; Meeting**

The Working Group on Stability and Load Lines and on Fishing Vessels Safety of the Subcommittee on Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS) will conduct an open meeting on March 19, 1993, at 1 p.m. in room 4315 at Coast Guard Headquarters, 2100 Second Street, SW., Washington, DC.

The purpose of this Working Group meeting is to discuss the outcome for the 37th Session of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) Subcommittee on Stability and Load Lines and on Fishing Vessels Safety (SLF), which was held on January 11 to January 15, 1993.

Items of discussion will include the following: Subdivision and damage stability standards of passenger ships; harmonization of probabilistic damage stability provisions for all ship types; the new Code of Intact Stability; technical revisions to the 1966 Load Line Convention; stability aspects of open-top container ships; and probabilistic oil outflow.

Members of the public may attend this meeting up to the seating capacity of the room.

For further information on this SLF Working Group meeting, contact Mr. H.P. Cojeen or Mr. W.M. Hayden at (202) 267-2988; U.S. Coast Guard Headquarters (G-MTH), 2100 Second Street, SW., Washington, DC 20593-0001.

Dated: February 19, 1993.

Bruce Carter,

Executive Secretary, Shipping Coordinating
Committee.

[FR Doc. 93-4901 Filed 3-3-93; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4710-07-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Highway Administration

**Environmental Impact Statement:
Carroll County, MD**

AGENCY: Federal Highway
Administration (FHWA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of intent.

SUMMARY: The FHWA is issuing this notice to advise the public that an Environmental Impact Statement will be prepared for a proposed highway project in Carroll County, Maryland.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. David Lawton, Planning, Research, Environment and Safety Engineer, Federal Highway Administration, The Rotunda—Suite 220, 711 West 40th Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21211; telephone number (410) 962-4440.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FHWA, in cooperation with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE) and the Maryland State Highway Administration, will prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) on a proposal to improve MD 140 in Carroll County, Maryland. The proposed improvement provides a new roadway from Reese Road, south of Westminster, to Hughes Shop Road, north of Westminster, a distance of about 8.5 miles.

Improvements to the corridor are considered necessary to provide for existing and projected traffic demand. Alternatives under consideration include (1) taking no action; (2) using alternative travel modes; (3) widening the existing highway, controlling access, and providing service roads; (4) relocating MD 140 to the north around Westminster creating a bypass; and (5) relocating MD 140 to the south around Westminster creating a bypass.

The Draft EIS will be available for public and agency review and comment prior to the public hearing. A scoping meeting for this project was held in June 11, 1987.

To ensure that the full range of issues related to this proposed action are addressed and all significant issues identified, comments and suggestion are invited from all interested parties.

Comments or questions concerning this proposed action and EIS should be directed to the FHWA at the addresses provided above. (Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program Number 20.205, Highway Research, Planning and Construction. The regulations implementing Executive Order 12372 regarding intergovernmental consultation of Federal Programs and activities apply to this program).

Issued on: February 1993.

A. P. Barrows,

Division Administrator, Baltimore, Maryland.

[FR Doc. 93-4960 Filed 3-3-93; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4010-22-M

**National Highway Traffic Safety
Administration**

**Rulemaking, Research and
Enforcement Programs Meetings**

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic
Safety Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: This notice announces a public meeting at which NHTSA will answer questions from the public and the automobile industry regarding the agency's rulemaking, enforcement and other programs. In addition, a second public meeting will be held to describe and discuss NHTSA's research and development programs.

DATES: The Agency's regular, quarterly public meeting relating to the agency's rulemaking, enforcement and other programs will be held on April 6, 1993, beginning at 9:30 a.m. and ending at approximately 12:30 p.m. Questions relating to the agency's rulemaking, enforcement and other programs must be submitted in writing by March 25, 1993, to the address shown below. If sufficient time is available, questions received after the March 25 date may be answered at the meeting. The individual, group or company submitting a question(s) does not have to be present for the question(s) to be answered. A consolidated list of the questions submitted by March 25, 1993, and the issues to be discussed will be mailed to interested personnel by March 31, 1993, and will be available at the meeting.

Also, the agency will hold a second public meeting later in the day devoted exclusively to a discussion of research and development programs. The meeting will begin at 1:30 p.m. and end at approximately 5 p.m. Questions may be submitted in advance regarding the Agency's crashworthiness and crash avoidance research programs. They must be submitted in writing by March 29 to the address given below. If sufficient time is available, questions received after the March 29 date will be answered at the meeting in the discussion period. The individual, group or company asking a question does not have to be present for the question to be answered. A consolidated list of the questions submitted by March 29 will be mailed to interested